THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 4 ANNUAL BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2023

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 4 GENERAL FUND 2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

1/18/23

	F	ACTUAL 2021		BUDGET 2022		JDGET 2023
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	40	\$	-
REVENUES						
Property taxes		1,730		1,726		1,546
Specific ownership taxes		167		138		139
Interest income		1		-		-
Total revenues		1,898		1,864		1,685
Total funds available		1,898		1,904		1,685
EXPENDITURES						
General and administrative						
County Treasurer's fees		26		26		23
Transfer to Canyons MD #1		1,832		1,878		1,662
Total expenditures		1,858		1,904		1,685
Total expenditures and transfers out requiring appropriation		1,858		1,904		1,685
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	40	\$	-	\$	-

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 4 PROPERTY TAX SUMMARY INFORMATION 2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

1/18/23

	ACTUAL 2021		BUDGET 2022		BUDGET 2023	
	<u> </u>	2021		2022		2023
ACCECCED VALUATION DOLLO AC						
ASSESSED VALUATION - DOUGLAS Agricultural	\$	14,150	\$	14,700	\$	13,380
Natural Resources	Ψ	720	Ψ	720	Ψ	720
State Assessed		10,200		9,600		8,300
Certified Assessed Value	\$	25,070	\$	25,020	\$	22,400
MILL LEVY						
General		69.000		69.000		69.000
Total mill levy		69.000		69.000		69.000
PROPERTY TAXES						
General	\$	1,730	\$	1,726	\$	1,546
Levied property taxes		1,730		1,726		1,546
Adjustments to actual/rounding		-		-		-
Budgeted property taxes	\$	1,730	\$	1,726	\$	1,546
BUDGETED PROPERTY TAXES						
General	\$	1,730	\$	1,726	\$	1,546
	\$	1,730	\$	1,726	\$	1,546

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 4 2023 BUDGET SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS

Services Provided

The District was organized to provide financing for the design, acquisition, installation and construction of storm and sanitary sewers, water systems, streets, parks and recreation facilities, transportation systems, television relay and translator facilities, security, mosquito control and fire protection and operation and maintenance of the District. The District's service area is located in the City of Castle Pines in Douglas County, Colorado and the District operates in connection with District Nos. 1-3 and 8-11.

The District was formed by District Court Order on December 19, 2001, and held its organizational meeting on March 14, 2002. The relationship between the Service District and Financing Districts, including the means for approving, financing, constructing and operating the public services and improvements needed to serve the development, will be established by means of a Master Intergovernmental Agreement between the applicable Districts as the project evolves.

On November 6, 2001, District voters approved authorization to increase property taxes up to \$5,000,000, annually, as necessary, to pay for the operations and maintenance expenditures of the District. Debt authorization was approved in the amount of \$151,000,000 for the above listed facilities and an equal amount for refunding debt. The voters also authorized debt of \$5,000,000 for the costs of operating and maintaining the District's systems and \$10,000,000 for the issuance of mortgages, liens and other encumbrances on District real and personal property. The election also allows the District to retain all revenues without regard to the limitations contained in Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado constitution or any other law.

On November 4, 2014, District voters approved authorization to increase property taxes up to \$100,000,000, annually, as necessary, to pay for the operations and maintenance expenditures of the District as well as \$100,000,000, annually, as necessary to pay for the capital expenditures of the District. Debt authorization was approved in the amount of \$2,260,000,000 for the above listed facilities and \$226,000,000 for refunding debt. The voters authorized debt of \$226,000,000 for the costs of operating and maintaining the District's systems and \$50,000,000 for the issuance of mortgages, liens and other encumbrances on District real and personal property. The voters also authorized \$226,000,000 in debt for both Intergovernmental Agreements and Private Agreements. The election also allows the District to retain all revenues without regard to the limitations contained in Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado constitution or any other law.

Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Service Plan, the maximum mill levy for general obligation debt and operations and maintenance is 69.000 mills. This limit is to be adjusted for increases or decreases in the residential assessment ratio so that the actual tax revenues derived from the mill levy, as adjusted, are neither diminished nor enhanced as a result. The adjustment only applies to the debt service portion of the mill levy.

The District has no employees and all administrative functions are contracted.

The District prepares its budget on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the requirements of Colorado Revised Statutes C.R.S. 29-1-105 using its best estimates as of the date of the budget hearing. These estimates are based on expected conditions and its expected course of actions. The assumptions disclosed herein are those that the District believes are significant to the budget. There will usually be differences between the budget and actual results, because events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected, and those differences may be material.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 4 2023 BUDGET SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS

Revenues

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or, if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and, generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Senate Bill 21-293 among other things, designates multi-family residential real property (defined generally, as property that is a multi-structure of four or more units) as a new subclass of residential real property. For tax collection year 2023, the assessment rate for single family residential property decreases to 6.95% from 7.15%. The rate for multifamily residential property, the newly created subclass, decreases to 6.80% from 7.15%. Agricultural and renewable energy production property decreases to 26.4% from 29.0%. Producing oil and gas remains at 87.5%. All other nonresidential property stays at 29%.

The calculation of the taxes levied is displayed on the Property Tax Summary page of the budget using the adopted mill levy imposed by the District.

Specific Ownership Tax

Specific ownership taxes are set by the State and collected by the County Treasurer, primarily on vehicle licensing with the County as a whole. The specific ownership taxes are allocated by the Country Treasurer to all taxing entities within the County. The budget assumes that the District's share will be equal to approximately 9% of the property taxes collected by the General Fund.

Expenditures

County Treasurer's Fees

Country Treasurer's collection fees have been computed at 1.5% of property taxes.

Intergovernmental Expenditures

Intergovernmental expenditures are transfers to District No. 1 to provide funding for the overall administrative and operating costs for the District and Districts 1, 3 - 4 and 8 - 11.

Debt and Leases

The District has no outstanding debt, nor any operating or capital leases.

THE CANYONS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 4 2023 BUDGET SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ASSUMPTIONS

Reserves

Emergency	Reserve
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District No. 1 has provided for an emergency reserve fund equal to at least 3% of fiscal year spending for the District as defined under TABOR.

This information is an integral part of the accompanying budget.